1	Nancy Knight	FILED
2	1803 E. Lipan Cir.	TIME10:27
3	Fort Mohave, AZ 86426 Telephone: (951) 837-1617	NOV 1 6 2023
4	1 7	CHRISTINA SPURLOCK
	nancyknight@frontier.com	CLERK SUPERIOR COUP BY:D
5	DI: ('CCD D	
6	Plaintiff Pro Per	
7	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT	OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA
8	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MOHAVE	
9		
	NANCY KNIGHT,)
10	District) Case No.: CV 2018 04003
11	Plaintiff,)
12	VS.) PLAINTIFF'S REPLY
13	GLEN LUDWIG and PEARL LUDWIG,	$igl \{ egin{array}{ccc} extbf{DEFENDANT'S NOVEMBE} \end{array}$
13	Trustees of THE LUDWIG FAMILY	RESPONSE TO PLAINT
14	TRUST; FAIRWAY CONSTRUCTORS,	\langle MOTION FOR RELIEF I
15	INC.; MEHDI AZARMI; JAMES B.	DEFENDANT'S ATTORNE
16	ROBERTS and DONNA M. ROBERTS, husband and wife; JOHN DOES 1-10;	}
10	JANE DOES 1-10; ABC	Hon. Judge Nielson
17	CORPORATIONS 1-10; and XYZ	Visiting Judge
18	PARTNERSHIPS 1-10.	
19		}
19	Defendants.	Ś
20)
21	COMPRINCE NAME OF THE PROPERTY	
22	COMES NOW, Plaintiff Pro Per, NA	ANCY KNIGHT, hereby Respondir
22		

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CHRISTINA SPURLOCK CLERK SUPERIOR COURT DEPUTY

NTIFF'S REPLY TO NT'S NOVEMBER 3, 2023 NSE TO PLAINTIFF'S N FOR RELIEF FROM NT'S ATTORNEY FEES

, hereby Responding to the Objections raised by the Defendants on November 3, 2023 for Plaintiff's pleading for Relief from this Court's October 17, 2023 Order and Award of Attorney Fees in the amount of \$6,230.25 for three specific motions filed by the Plaintiff. Courts have far more experience in recognizing how Rules apply to misdeeds than a Plaintiff Pro Per. The Plaintiff should not have to spell out how Rule 60 applied to these matters. With



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specificity, Rule 60 (b)(6) is applicable for justifying relief from attorney fees where justice is not served by rewarding Defendant's misdeeds and punishing the Plaintiff for seeking justice. Motions should never be made a tool to deter justice.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITES

1) Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Defendant's 2019 Motion for Summary Judgment (MSJ) was necessary due to the settled matter that "complete abandonment" of the Declaration of CC&Rs was denied and no longer applied to this case. The MSJ did not result in dismissal of the case. The MSJ did not result in loss of the non-waiver clause. Affidavit Fraud, a Rule 60 condition for relief whenever it occurs and especially for an attorney's use in seeking abrogation of a contract, has been proven with real evidence. Rule 60(b)(3) is applicable. Complete abandonment based on the Defendant's frequency claims in support of the MSJ was denied or we would not still be litigating this case – it would have been dismissed in 2020. The MSJ is no longer at issue in this case. Striking it would serve justice. The Contract was a matter of law. The Contract remained in full force and effect and we were to prepare for trial based on material facts in the case that could not be ruled upon by the Court and needed a jury trial. Plaintiff is not even sure what material facts the former court believes are applicable for trial. Attorney fees should not be granted for Plaintiff's March 1, 2023 attempt to clear the waters of the Defendant's claim that the Declaration was pending a jury decision on "complete abandonment" and the Defendant's argued against following Rule 12 (b)(6) for a claim of Deed Restrictions that they perceive as abandoned. But for the Contract being held valid, Dismissal would have been granted in 2020.

Pursuant to the Contract at section 19, invalidation of any provisions shall in no way affect any other provisions. The Court could not grant "complete abandonment" of the Contract based on a few claims made by the Defendants.

Rule 60(b)(3) provides for reversal of a judgment for attorney fees for the misrepresentation, misconduct of the opposing party or Fraud (Affidavit Fraud) that failed to support the complete abandonment claim. Rule 60(b)(3) provides for reversal of the judgment for misrepresentation that exists in the Defendant's ongoing claim that the entire Declaration is still being litigated in this case. Judge Jantzen has had a pattern of making memorandum style decisions that provides litigants with no reasons for his rulings. Whether Judge Jantzen failed his duty to be clear on Denying Dismissal with his reasons and whether this court considers Judge Jantzen as having committed mistakes, inadvertence or excusable neglect pursuant to Rule 60 (b)(1) is irrelevant. What is relevant is that this Court has a multitude of Rule 60 sections on which to base his decision for reversal of his judgment for attorney fees. Attorney fees used as a deterrent to Motions is adverse to justice and the integrity of the court system pursuant to Rule 60 (b)(6). Attorney fees for the March 1, 2023 Motion should be reversed.

2) Plaintiff has been provided no reasons as to why this Court nor the former Court granted attorney Oehler a Gag Order to be imposed on the Plaintiff. Plaintiff has been provided no reason as to why this Court refuses a fair application of the Gag Order on the Defendants and their attorney. A Motion seeking fairness in the interest of justice should not be punished with attorney fees pursuant to Rule 60(b)(6). For this Court to become a participant in a one-sided violation of the First Amendment to the Constitution

and then deny Plaintiff fair treatment by not imposing the same on the opposing party is applicable for Rule 60(b)(6). Either lift the Gag Order or apply it to all parties. This attorney is behaving like an ambulance chaser seeking an opportunity to retain hundreds of clients and lining his pockets with more fees with no restraint on what he intends to tell these Indispensable Party clients. This Motion was made upon this Court. But for this Court's claim that you must follow Judge Jantzen's order for the Plaintiff's Gag Order is the only reason Plaintiff had to resort to this Motion to seek justice and fairness. This Court's duty to provide Plaintiff with a ruling on her Motion with a reason violated this Court's Constitutional duty to rule within 60 days. The entire "proceeding" on the matter of the Gag Order defies justice and Rule 60(b)(1) applies for mistake, inadvertence, or excusable neglect on this Court's part and the part of the former court. Rule 60(b)(2) applies to the newly discovered evidence of Void Judgments. Seeking fairness via the Court system with a Motion should not be deterred. Attorney fees for the June 9, 2023 Motion should be reversed.

3) Plaintiff has a right to know what she is expected to defend at trial. Rule 12(b)(6) needs to be followed by the Defendants and they need to state their claims based on real evidence and not on fraudulent affidavits. Rule 60(b)(3) applies. If it is still the position of the Defendants that specific covenants have not been enforced in 30-plus years, then they must state a claim pursuant to Rule 12 (b)(6) of what Deed Restrictions they are now claiming have been "completely abandoned". Plaintiff should not be subjected to inferring what sections of the Declaration that the Defendants are now claiming for which she is expected to defend at trial. Ongoing delays caused by attorney

Oehler includes delaying Injunctive Relief based on Fraud ("for sale" signs), delaying Rule 19 for the Defendant's to join parties dates back to 2020 and then this attorney uses a court to abuse discretion for Rule 19 and authors the Order for the party who files a Complaint to join the parties when common sense and the rule of law on cases is for the party who seeks abrogation to join parties. He deliberately authored the Order with a Rule 54 (b) Final Judgment so it would be unappealable. All of these issues are subject to Rule 60(b)(6). For Plaintiff's former attorney to not know Rule 54(b) was unappealable and to charge the Plaintiff with attorney fees and filing fees for his Appeal was incompetent. What appears to have been collusion between that former attorney and attorney Oehler for the Order for Plaintiff to join the parties with no restraint on the cost involved as Plaintiff had requested of her attorney and then not communicating what he was agreeing to was further incompetence. This Court competently sought and found the missing link of the lack of a Notice that was the responsibility of the former Court and responsibility of attorney Oehler who knew full well that the Service Packet required that Notice to Property Owners. Oehler kept it a secret from the Plaintiff who had to keep filing documents that changed the language of the Summons and Waiver of Service forms in her effort to prevent the fraudulent claim that she was suing over 400 Indispensable Parties among the 221 Assessor Parcel Numbers. This Court now expects the Plaintiff to mail his signed Notice to Property Owners that makes the same mistake (Rule 60 (b)(1)). Plaintiff has no grounds for suing these parties. Attorney Oehler appears to be intent on causing Plaintiff harm from a disgruntled Indispensable Party or death from stress as occurred in Plaintiff's husband's death in three (3) cases to date with

collusion among other attorneys including the County Attorney and other defense counsels to help him win at all costs. That is his modus operandi. Many Rule 60 paragraphs are fit for these actions in reversing the attorney fees for the defendants.

Attorney fees for the June 12, 2023 Motion for the Defendants to follow Rule 12(b)(6) should be reversed.

CONCLUSION

In closing, all attorney fees from these defendants and double damages from attorney Oehler are justified for their actions in this matter of punishing the Plaintiff for Motions seeking justice. This Plaintiff may have authored her motions, affidavits, applications, orders, replies and responses unartfully but it does not rise to a level of dishonesty as every misdeed managed by the courts has allowed to occur under attorney Oehler's schemes.

The time has come for permanent Injunctive Relief to be Granted by this Court.

The time has come for Granting Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to Amend the Complaint and bring in all of the parties known to date who are subject to violating the CC&Rs and for violating County resolutions that were to be the failsafe measure for the Contract on setbacks.

The weight of evidence to reverse attorney fees is clearly in favor of the Plaintiff.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 6th day of November, 2023.

Plaintiff Pro Per

COPY of the foregoing was e-mailed on November 6, 2023 to: djolaw10@gmail.com Daniel Oehler, Attorney for the Defendants kalerma@courts.az.gov Judicial Assistant to Judge Nielson