FILED
Christina Spurlock
CLERK, SUPERIOR COURT
12/13/2022 10:27AM
BY: GHOWELL
DEPUTY

DEPUTY 1 David A. Warrington* Gary Lawkowski* 2 DHILLON LAW GROUP, INC. 2121 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite 608 3 Alexandria, VA 22314 4 703-574-1206 DWarrington@dhillonlaw.com 5 GLawkowski@dhillonlaw.com 6 *Pro hac vice forthcoming 7 Timothy A La Sota, Ariz. Bar No. 020539 8 TIMOTHY A. LA SOTA, PLC 9 2198 East Camelback Road, Suite 305 Phoenix, Arizona 85016 10 (602) 515-2649 11 tim@timlasota.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Contestants 12 13 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ARIZONA 14 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MOHAVE 15 JEANNE KENTCH, an individual; TED No. CV-2022-01468 16 BOYD. **ABRAHAM** individual: HAMADEH, individual; an and 17 REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, a federal political party committee 18 Plaintiffs/Contestants, **VERIFIED PETITION TO INSPECT** 19 **BALLOTS** v. 20 KRIS MAYES, 21 Defendant/Contestee, 22 and 23 KATIE HOBBS, in her official capacity as the 24 Secretary of State; LARRY NOBLE, in his 25 official capacity as the Apache County Recorder; APACHE COUNTY BOARD OF 26 SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; DAVID W. STEVENS, in his official capacity 27 as Cochise County Recorder; COCHISE 28 1

COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; PATTY HANSEN, in her official capacity as the Coconino County Recorder; COCONINO COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; SADIE JO BINGHAM, in her official capacity as Gila County Recorder; GILA COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; WENDY JOHN, in her official capacity as Graham County Recorder; GRAHAM COUNTY **BOARD** SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; SHARIE MILHEIRO, in her official capacity as Greenlee County Recorder; GREENLEE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; RICHARD GARCIA, in his capacity as the La Paz County Recorder; PAZ **COUNTY BOARD** LA SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; STEPHEN RICHER, in his official capacity as the Maricopa County Recorder; MARICOPA COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; KRISTI BLAIR, in her official capacity as the Mohave County Recorder; MOHAVE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; MICHAEL SAMPLE, in his official capacity as Navajo County Recorder; NAVAJO COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; **GABRIELLA** CAZARES-KELLY, in her official capacity the Pima County Recorder; PIMA COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; DANA LEWIS, in her official capacity as the Pinal County Recorder; **PINAL** COUNTY **BOARD** SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; SUZANNE SAINZ, in her official capacity as the Santa Cruz County Recorder; SANTA CRUZ **COUNTY** BOARD **OF** SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; MICHELLE M. BURCHILL, in her official capacity as the Yavapai County Recorder; **COUNTY** YAVAPAI **BOARD** OF

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity; RICHARD COLWELL, in his official capacity as the Yuma County Recorder; and YUMA COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, in their official capacity,

Defendants.

Pursuant to A.R.S. § 16-677, Plaintiffs/Contestants aver that they cannot properly prepare for trial without an inspection of the ballots and respectfully petition the Court to authorize them, through their attorneys and agents, to inspect (1) the original and duplicates of each ballot that underwent duplication in connection with the November 8, 2022 general election, (2) all original ballots for which there is a recorded undervote in the contest for Arizona Attorney General, and (3) ballots on which the voter's putative selection for the office of Arizona Attorney General in the November 8, 2022 general election was subjected to electronic adjudication (to include records sufficient to identify the disposition of each ballot during electronic adjudication).

GROUNDS FOR THE PETITION

DUPLICATED BALLOTS

1. If a voted ballot is returned in a damaged or defective form that renders it unreadable by an electronic tabulator, it is referred to a Ballot Duplication Board appointed by the County Recorder. The Ballot Duplication Board manually transposes each of the voter's selection to a new ballot, which is then electronically tabulated. Both the original and duplicated ballots are assigned a shared unique serial number. See A.R.S. § 16-621(A);

Ariz. Sec'y of State, 2019 ELECTIONS PROCEDURES MANUAL (rev. Dec. 2019) [EPM] at pp. 201–02.

- 2. Ballots in which one or more selections is determined by a tabulation device to be ambiguous or indeterminate are electronically examined by an Electronic Adjudication Board appointed by the County Recorder. To the extent the voter's "clear" intent can be ascertained, the ballot is marked and tallied accordingly. *See* A.R.S. § 16-621(B); Ariz. Sec'y of State, Electronic Adjudication Addendum to the 2019 Elections Procedures Manual (Feb. 2020) at pp. 2–3.
- 3. A sampling of duplicated ballots cast in the 2020 presidential election revealed an error rate that was at least 0.37% and may have been as high as 0.55%. *See Ward v. Jackson*, 2020 WL 8617817, at *2 (Ariz. Dec. 8, 2020).
- 4. Upon information and belief, no county has materially altered its ballot duplication or electronic adjudication processes since the 2020 general election.
- 5. The margin separating Contestant Abraham Hamadeh and Contestee Kris Mayes in the race for Arizona Attorney General is 0.02%, or 510 votes.
- 6. There is a substantial probability that a recurrence of a similar error rate in connection with the November 8, 2022 general election would either independently or in conjunction with other tabulation errors and irregularities alleged in the Statement of Contest—be material to the outcome of the race for Arizona Attorney General.
- 7. In order to prove that there are material errors in tabulation of ballots resulting from errors in the ballot duplication process, Plaintiffs/Contestants need to be able to inspect the

original and corresponding duplicate ballot for each ballot that underwent the ballot duplication process.

8. Without such inspection, Plaintiffs/Contestants will be unable to properly prepare for trial on this matter.

ELECTRONIC ADJUDICATION

- 9. Voters sometime mark their ballots in a manner that precludes an accurate electronic tabulation. Two frequent causes of impeded electronic tabulation are (a) apparent "overvotes," in which the tabulator detects that a voter may have marked more than the permissible number of selections for a given office or ballot measure, and (b) ballots that the tabulator has identified as containing unclear markings. When the first of these circumstances is present, the ballot is referred for electronic adjudication.
- 10. Electronic adjudications are carried out on a secure computer application and are conducted by an Electronic Adjudication Board that is appointed by the County Recorder and consists of one inspector and two judges who are members of different political parties. See A.R.S. § 16-621(B)(2).
- 11. The Electronic Adjudication Board examines a digital image of the ballot and assesses voter selections that the tabulator was unable to definitively ascertain. If the voter's intent is "clear," the Electronic Adjudication Board ensures that the voter's intended selections are properly indicated and tabulated. If the voter's intent cannot be sufficiently verified, the ambiguous selections are not tabulated. *See id.*; Ariz. Sec'y of State, ELECTRONIC ADJUDICATION ADDENDUM TO THE 2019 ELECTIONS PROCEDURES MANUAL (Feb. 2020) at pp. 2–3, available at

https://azsos.gov/sites/default/files/Electronic_Adjudication_Addendum_to_the_2019_Elections_Procedures_Manual.pdf.

- 12. Actual "over-votes" are invalid and may not be counted. See A.R.S. § 16-610.
- 13. By statute, the County Recorder must conduct a hand count audit of selected candidate races across a randomly generated sample of (a) 5,000 of early ballots and (b) ballots cast at 2% of vote centers in the county. *See* A.R.S. § 16-602(B), (F). The purpose of the hand count is to verify the accuracy of tallies generated by tabulator devices and determinations by various ballot processing boards.
- 14. The hand count audit following the November 8, 2022 general election revealed at least one instance in which the Maricopa County Electronic Adjudication Board incorrectly characterized the voter's ostensible intent. Specifically, the Electronic Adjudication Board had tabulated the disputed ballot as a vote for gubernatorial candidate Katie Hobbs. As the hand count audit found, however, the ballot contained both an indicated preference for Hobbs and an accompanying write-in vote for a different candidate, Kari Lake. The Electronic Adjudication Board was required by law to designate the gubernatorial contest as over-voted and not to tabulate a vote for any candidate in that race. *See* Statement of Election Contest, Exhibit B p. 32.
- 15. The Attorney General contest was not among the races randomly selected for inclusion in Maricopa County's hand count audit but, upon information and belief, a similar and proportionate rate of erroneous determinations afflict the broader corpus of all ballots that underwent electronic adjudication.

16. Additionally, an observer of the ballot adjudication process has reported that tabulation and electronic adjudication equipment have been unable to clearly capture the ballot markings made by some voters who did not use the writing implements recommended by elections officials. Although it is likely that such markings can be assessed and correctly tabulated by a manual inspection of the affected ballots, elections officials have not undertaken a manual inspection of such ballots and therefore have failed to correctly tabulate the votes marked on such ballots, and instead tabulated them as undervotes. The Contestors petition for access to all ballots containing an undervote.

17. Furthermore, an observer in Navajo County is currently observing the Recount of votes. On December 7, 2022, Navajo County re-tabulated 3% of the county's ballots. On election day, a large portion of the ballots processed were tabulated using the central count tabulator. However, during this recount, the county is using the smaller precinct tabulators. These small precinct tabulators identified two ballots that should have been sent to adjudication. It appears that the faster central count tabulators were not functioning or set up entirely properly and that they failed to flag ballots for adjudication that might not contain a valid vote for the Attorney General race.

18. In order to prove that there are material errors in electronic adjudication and tabulation of apparent "over" or "under" votes in the race for Attorney General,

| 1 | Plaintiffs/Contestants need to be able to inspect the original ballot for each ballot that was |
|----------|--|
| 2 | flagged for electronic adjudication as a potential under or over vote. |
| 3 | 19. Without such inspection, Plaintiffs/Contestants will be unable to properly prepare |
| 4 | for trial on this matter. |
| 5 | for that on this matter. |
| 6 | 20. The Plaintiffs/Contestants will post the statutorily required sum of \$300 with the |
| 7 | Court. A.R.S. § 16-677. |
| 8 | In the alternative, Plaintiffs/Contestants request that the Court permit them to access |
| 9 | or obtain the ballot images requested in this Petition on an expedited basis pursuant to |
| 10 11 | Arizona Rule of Civil Procedure 34. |
| | |
| 12 13 | RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 12th day of December, 2022. |
| 14 | |
| 15 | |
| 16 | By: <u>/s/ Timothy A. La Sota</u> |
| 17 | Timothy A La Sota, SBN # 020539 TIMOTHY A. LA SOTA, PLC |
| | 2198 East Camelback Road, Suite 305 |
| 18 | Phoenix, Arizona 85016 |
| 19 | /s/ David A. Warrington |
| 20 | David A. Warrington* Gary Lawkowski* |
| 21 | DHILLON LAW GROUP, INC. |
| 22 | 2121 Eisenhower Avenue, Suite 608 |
| 23 | Alexandria, VA 22314 |
| 24 | *Pro hac vice forthcoming |
| 25 | |
| 26 | Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Contestants |
| 27 | |

VERIFICATION

Pursuant to A.R.S. § 16-673(B), I, Abraham Hamadeh, hereby verify that the allegations contained in the foregoing Petition to Inspect Ballots are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed under penalty of perjury, this 12th day of December, 2022.

Ábraham Hamadeh '